Good Medical Practice A draft for consultation





Please return your responses by Friday 10 February 2012 to:

Good Medical Practice Consultation Standards and Ethics Team General Medical Council Regent's Place 350 Euston Road London NW1 3|N

Email: gmp2012@gmc-uk.org Telephone: 020 7189 5404

Text phone: 18001 + 020 7189 5404

Other formats

This information can be made available in alternative formats or languages. To request an alternative format, please call us on 0161 923 6602 or email us at **publications@gmc-uk.org**.

Freedom of information

The information you provide in your response may be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act 2000, which allows public access to information held by the GMC. This does not necessarily mean that your response will be made available to the public as there are exemptions relating to, for example, information provided in confidence and information to which the Data Protection Act 1998 applies. You may request confidentiality by ticking the box below. We will take this into account if a request for your response is made under the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

Please tick if you want us to treat your response as confidential	

About this consultation

The General Medical Council (GMC) is holding this consultation to seek your views on revised guidance for doctors called *Good Medical Practice* – a draft for consultation.

The guidance sets out what is expected of all doctors registered with the GMC. All doctors are required to be familiar with and follow *Good Medical Practice*. Patients can use the guidance to find out what they can expect from their doctors.

The current edition of *Good Medical Practice* was published in November 2006. We are reviewing it to make sure it is up to date. As part of the review, we are holding this consultation to gather people's views on the guidance and the issues it deals with.

The consultation is open to anyone who wishes to comment on the issues in the revised guidance. This is your chance to have your say.

The consultation runs from **31 October 2011** to **10 February 2012**. We will use the responses to produce the final version of *Good Medical Practice* which we will publish in October 2012.

GMC guidance

The GMC advises doctors on the standards expected of them by the profession, their patients, and the general public.

Good Medical Practice (2006) is our current core guidance for doctors. We review it every five years to make sure it is up to date and reflects what doctors and patients, think are the important principles and values of good care.

Good Medical Practice (2006) is supported by a range of guidance covering specific issues in more detail, including consent and confidentiality. You can read all our guidance on our website at www.gmc-uk.org/guidance.

This questionnaire

We have developed three separate questionnaires. You only need to answer one, so please choose the one which best suits you.

- This questionnaire contains 46 questions. It is open to anyone, but aimed at representatives of organisations and you will need to be familiar with the draft guidance to find it useful.
- We have also produced a shorter questionnaire with 19 questions. It is aimed at doctors and other healthcare professionals responding as individuals. It contains a selection of questions in this document and you may need to read the draft guidance to find it useful.
- The third questionnaire contains just 13 questions. It is mainly aimed at individual patients and members of the public. You do not need to have read the draft guidance or have any existing knowledge of the issues involved.

How to take part

- Do it online using the GMC's consultation website:
 https://gmc.e-consultation.net/econsult.
- Download a pdf from our website (www.gmc-uk.org/gmp2012) and post it to us (address on page 1) or email it to us at gmp2012@gmc-uk.org.
- Contact us using the details on page 1 if you would like us to send you a printed copy. Send your completed response to the address on page 1.

After you've taken part

When the consultation closes on 10 February, we will review all the feedback we have received and use this to finalise the draft guidance.

We will publish a document summarising the feedback we received and how we used it in October 2012.

We will publish the new, final draft of *Good Medical Practice* in 2012.

Questions about the draft guidance

There are 46 questions in this questionnaire which ask about the changes to the text but also general issues such as the structure, style and focus of the draft guidance.

The questions are based on the draft guidance, so we recommend that you read *Good Medical Practice* – a draft for consultation before answering the questions. You can read it on our website at www.gmc-uk.org/gmp2012 or get hold of a printed copy by contacting us.

We do not ask questions about every paragraph of the draft guidance. But, at the end of the questions about each section, there is the option to give any further comments on it. When answering the questions, please bear in mind that our guidance applies across the UK to all doctors on the register, whether or not they hold a licence to practise and regardless of specialty, grade and whether they work for the NHS or in private practice.

Thank you

Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire – we are grateful for your response.

Equality and diversity

As you answer the questions, please think about whether the principles in the draft guidance could affect members of particular communities or groups. We welcome any comments on this. When commenting on these issues, please also mention anything you can think of that might reduce or prevent any such affects or adverse impact.

We have undertaken a draft equality analysis. This gives an overview of how we have thought about and tried to address any adverse impacts or effects the guidance could have on particular groups or communities. You can read our draft equality analysis on the consultation website at https://gmc.e-consultation.net/econsult.

We will keep updating the equality analysis in light of findings from this consultation and our programme of ongoing engagement with individuals and groups from protected characteristics.*

Introduction

This draft of *Good Medical Practice* ('draft for consultation') has been informed by evidence gathered as part of our early consultation exercise and ongoing engagement via our 'GMP 2012' website, on which we ran a series of polls asking about specific paragraphs of *Good Medical Practice* (2006).

You can read a summary of responses to the initial consultation exercise at www.gmc-uk.org/gmp2012 (see 'Earlier in the review') as well as the results of our monthly polls. Throughout this document we have indicated where we ran a poll or where results of the initial consultation exercise have informed decisions about the text of Good Medical Practice.

^{*} The Equality Act 2010 specifies nine groups of individuals who have 'protected characteristics' which are covered by this legislation: age, disability, gender, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, ethnicity, religion or belief, and sexual orientation.

General questions

The structure of *Good Medical Practice*

The current edition of *Good Medical Practice* ('GMP 2006') is structured under 'the seven headings':

- Good clinical care
- Maintaining good medical practice
- Teaching and training, appraising and assessing
- Relationships with patients
- Working with colleagues
- Probity
- Health.

In the initial consultation, we asked whether we should reorganise *Good Medical Practice* under the four 'domains' of medical practice used in the *Good Medical Practice Framework for appraisal and revalidation.** This was to find out whether there was a desire to align *Good Medical Practice* more closely with appraisal and revalidation but also to test the suggestion that the seven headings focus too much on doctors in clinical practice.

62% of over 2,000 respondents supported reorganising the guidance under the four domains:

- Knowledge skills and performance
- Safety and quality
- Communication, partnership and teamwork
- Maintaining trust.

The Good Medical Practice Framework for appraisal and revalidation
(http://www.gmc-uk.org/GMP_framework_for_appraisal_and_revalidation.pdf_41326960.pdf)

1	Do you agree th than the seven h		actice should be restructured under the four domains rather
	Yes	No	Not sure
	Comments		

Style of Good Medical Practice

In the initial consultation, we asked what the two most important issues were for the GMC in revising *Good Medical Practice*. Two themes emerged: the guidance should be patient-centred, and that it should be clear and concise.

In response to this feedback, we have written the consultation draft in a less discursive and explanatory style than GMP 2006. This means we have removed a number of statements used to explain the importance or context of elements of the guidance, such as:

Research involving people directly or indirectly is vital in improving care and reducing uncertainty for patients now and in the future, and improving the health of the population as a whole.

and

Patients will be put at risk if you describe as competent someone who has not reached or maintained a satisfactory standard of practice.

We have also removed some of the advice that expands on the core, high level principles (for example some of the detail about delegation and referral), in order to keep the text of *Good Medical Practice* more concise and relevant to all (or most) doctors.

To ensure that we do not lose this advice, we will develop new supplementary guidance which expands on the high level principles in *Good Medical Practice*,

2

in a similar way to the current supplementary guidance statements (see www.gmc-uk.org/guidance/ethical_guidance.asp). We will consult on the new and existing supplementary guidance in spring 2012. The additional guidance will be referenced in the printed booklet of *Good Medical Practice* and linked to directly from the online version.

Yes	No	Not sure	
omments			

Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
Da vay hava			i the duality wilden as 2
		nments on the style and structure of	the draft guidance?
Do you have a	any additional con	nments on the style and structure of	the draft guidance?
		_	the draft guidance?
Yes		_	the draft guidance?
Yes		_	the draft guidance?
Yes		_	the draft guidance?
Yes		_	the draft guidance?
Yes		_	the draft guidance?
Yes		_	the draft guidance?

Questions on the consultation draft

We have asked questions about each domain and sub section of the draft for consultation. For each section we have highlighted where we have changed the guidance significantly from GMP 2006 and there is an opportunity to comment on the text even if there have been no changes.

The duties of a doctor

5

The 'duties of a doctor' is a statement which summarises the key principles in the guidance. It appears on the inside cover of all our printed guidance booklets and as a standalone document on our website. We have reorganised the duties to reflect the new structure of the guidance itself.

Do you have any	comments about the duties of a doctor statement?
Yes	No
Comments	

Introduction (paragraphs 1-5)

GMP 2006 has a number of introductory statements which explain the purpose and scope of the guidance. In line with the new, more concise style, we have consolidated these into a revised introduction (paragraphs 1–5).

Do you have a	ny comments on the	e revised introduc	tion?	
Yes	No			
Comments				

Domain 1: Knowledge skills and performance

This domain brings together most of the principles and duties under the 'Good clinical care' heading of GMP 2006 and some principles from 'Maintaining good medical practice'.

Maintain your professional performance (paragraphs 6-9)

The guidance imposes a duty on all doctors to keep up to date with, and adhere to, the law and other regulation relevant to their work. This is the same principle as that in GMP 2006 but we could expand it to include a reference to legislation that all doctors are required to be familiar with and follow, such as the Human Rights Act 1998, or the Equality Act 2010. (Those working in Northern Ireland also need to see The Gaps between GB and NI Equality Law [January 2011] which sets out the differences between the legislative framework and protections in Northern Ireland.)

6

Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
Do you have	any other commer	nts about the guidance in this section	?
Do you have Yes	e any other commen	nts about the guidance in this section	?
			?
Yes			?

Apply knowledge and experience to practice (paragraphs 10-15)

Paragraph 10 contains a new, explicit duty for doctors to be competent in providing care and performing other professional roles such as in management, research and teaching. This is not only a reminder that doctors need to be competent in all of their roles but also that the guidance applies to all doctors and not just those in clinical practice.

Our online poll (August 2011) asked if doctors should be able to treat family members. A slight majority (53%) voted for involving other healthcare professionals, indicating that views on this topic were finely balanced. The revised guidance at paragraph 14(f) brings together the two principles about doctors treating themselves, and those close to them and now says:

In providing care you must...wherever possible, avoid providing medical care to yourself or anyone with whom you have a close personal relationship.

Do you agree t	that this guidance is	s right in principle?
Yes	No	Not sure
Comments		

nsure that all documentation (including clinical records) formally ecording your work is clear, accurate and legible aragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes	Yes	No	
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure	Comments		
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal out patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
cording your work is clear, accurate and legible ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal cout patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
ragraph 17 is a new duty which makes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal out patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure	_		
out patients, colleagues or others securely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Do you agree this is a helpful addition to the guidance? Yes No Not sure			
Yes No Not sure	cording yo	ur work is cle	ear, accurate and legible
	cording yo	ur work is cle	ear, accurate and legible kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal da
Comments	ecording yo ragraph 17 is a n out patients, co	ur work is cle new duty which mai lleagues or others s	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal dasecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements.
	ragraph 17 is a nout patients, co	ur work is cle new duty which mad lleagues or others s e this is a helpful a	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal dasecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. addition to the guidance?
	ragraph 17 is a nout patients, co Do you agree Yes	ur work is cle new duty which mad lleagues or others s e this is a helpful a	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal dasecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. addition to the guidance?
	ragraph 17 is a nout patients, co Do you agree Yes	ur work is cle new duty which mad lleagues or others s e this is a helpful a	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal desecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Addition to the guidance?
	ragraph 17 is a nout patients, co Do you agree Yes	ur work is cle new duty which mad lleagues or others s e this is a helpful a	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal dasecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. addition to the guidance?
	ragraph 17 is a nout patients, co Do you agree Yes	ur work is cle new duty which mad lleagues or others s e this is a helpful a	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal dasecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. addition to the guidance?
	ragraph 17 is a nout patients, co Do you agree Yes	ur work is cle new duty which mad lleagues or others s e this is a helpful a	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal dasecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. addition to the guidance?
	ragraph 17 is a nout patients, co Do you agree Yes	ur work is cle new duty which mad lleagues or others s e this is a helpful a	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal dasecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. addition to the guidance?
	ragraph 17 is a nout patients, co Do you agree Yes	ur work is cle new duty which mad lleagues or others s e this is a helpful a	kes explicit that doctors need to keep records containing personal desecurely, and in accordance with any data protection requirements. Addition to the guidance?

12	Do you have any other comments about the guidance in this section?	
	Yes No	
	Comments	

Domain 2: Safety and quality

This brings together the principles and duties from the current guidance about safety and quality. This includes guidance on maintaining and improving safety, raising concerns about patient safety, appraisal and assessment, research, vulnerable adults, and children and young people.

Contribute to and comply with systems to protect patients

We have added guidance at paragraphs 20(a–c) outlining doctors' responsibility for ensuring consistency and continuity of patient care. The guidance does not impose a direct duty on doctors to assume responsibility for every patient themselves, rather to make sure that someone (a 'named person') is personally accountable for each patient's care. This should prevent patients from 'falling through the gaps'.

	No	Not sure	
Comments			
		ing the care doctors provide must be 'compatible' with	all o
		ing the care doctors provide must be 'compatible' with Not sure	all o
Yes	atient's care?		all o
Yes	atient's care?		all o
Yes	atient's care?		all c
Yes	atient's care?		all o
Yes	atient's care?		all o
Yes	atient's care?		all o
Yes	atient's care?		all o
Yes	atient's care?		all o
aspects the pa	atient's care?		all o

Paragraph 20(e) is a new duty which states that doctors must take 'prompt action when problems with basic care for patients who are unable to drink, feed or clean themselves'. 15 Do you agree that all doctors have a duty to act when they see a failure in the provision of basic care? No Not sure Yes Comments Paragraph 20(i) says that doctors must help resolve uncertainties about the effects of treatments 'by supporting research, for example through your own involvement, or encouraging patients to participate'. Do you think it is reasonable to expect all doctors to support research in this way? No Not sure Yes Comments

Yes	No	
Comments		
e the principle		we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see
e the principle graphs 21 and	es remain the same, 22). This is to make	
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk.	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, equ	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk.	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, equ	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is sipment or other resources, policies or systems that may be putting
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk. Do you agree	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, eque that the guidance	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is sipment or other resources, policies or systems that may be putting on responding to risks to safety is clear?
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk. Do you agree Yes	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, eque that the guidance	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is sipment or other resources, policies or systems that may be putting on responding to risks to safety is clear?
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk. Do you agree Yes	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, eque that the guidance	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is sipment or other resources, policies or systems that may be putting on responding to risks to safety is clear?
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk. Do you agree Yes	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, eque that the guidance	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is sipment or other resources, policies or systems that may be putting on responding to risks to safety is clear?
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk. Do you agree Yes	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, eque that the guidance	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is sipment or other resources, policies or systems that may be putting on responding to risks to safety is clear?
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk. Do you agree Yes	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, eque that the guidance	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is sipment or other resources, policies or systems that may be putting on responding to risks to safety is clear?
e the principle graphs 21 and ague or inade ents at risk. Do you agree Yes	es remain the same, 22). This is to make quate premises, eque that the guidance	we have brought together the guidance on raising concerns (see it clearer that doctors have a duty to raise concerns whether it is sipment or other resources, policies or systems that may be putting on responding to risks to safety is clear?

In June 2011, around 1,200 people responded to our online poll asking whether a doctor should stop at the scene of an accident or continue on to an appointment with a vulnerable young patient. The vast majority (83%) thought it was right to stop and see whether it was possible to help. This reflects our view that doctors must offer assistance in emergency situations, but taking account of their own safety, competence and availability of other options for care (see paragraph 23).

Do you agree	that this is a reasor	nable expectation on all doctors?	
Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
Do you have a	ny other comments	s about the guidance in this section?	
Oo you have a	ny other comments	s about the guidance in this section?	
		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	

Protect patients and colleagues from any risk posed by your health

This section includes the advice from the 'Health' section of GMP 2006.

21	Do you have any comments about the guidance in this section?
	Yes No
	Comments

Domain 3: Communication, partnership and teamwork

This domain combines principles and duties from the 'Relationship with patients' and 'Working with colleagues' sections of GMP 2006 as well as some of the principles and duties from 'Good clinical care' section.

Communicate effectively

This section includes a single paragraph (paragraph 38) about sharing information with colleagues:

You must share all relevant information clearly and promptly with colleagues involved in your patients' care, including when making a referral. You should seek the patient's consent, where necessary.

This replaces the more detailed advice in GMP 2006 (paragraphs 50–53) which explains what information should be shared with a patient's general practitioner and what to do when a patient has not been referred by a general practitioner. The more detailed advice in GMP 2006 will be included in additional guidance on Working with colleagues which we will consult on in spring 2012.

Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
o you have a	nny other comment	s about the guidance in this section?	
		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		s about the guidance in this section?	

Work constructively with colleagues and delegate effectively

We have included a new duty at paragraph 40 to 'work collaboratively with colleagues to improve care, or maintain good care for patients, and ensure continuity of care wherever possible.'

Yes	No	Not sure
Comments		
		ors to seek out a mentor during the first years working as a d
changing rol graphs 45–46	es; and a correspond 5).	ors to seek out a mentor during the first years working as a d ling duty to be willing to act as a mentor to less experienced for doctors to seek out mentors at these times of transit
changing rol graphs 45–46	es; and a correspond 5).	ling duty to be willing to act as a mentor to less experienced
changing rol graphs 45–46 o you agree 1	es; and a correspond 5). that it is important	ling duty to be willing to act as a mentor to less experienced for doctors to seek out mentors at these times of transit
changing rol graphs 45–46 o you agree t	es; and a correspond 5). that it is important	ling duty to be willing to act as a mentor to less experienced for doctors to seek out mentors at these times of transit
changing rol graphs 45–46 o you agree t	es; and a correspond 5). that it is important	ling duty to be willing to act as a mentor to less experienced for doctors to seek out mentors at these times of transit
changing rol graphs 45–46 o you agree t	es; and a correspond 5). that it is important	ling duty to be willing to act as a mentor to less experienced for doctors to seek out mentors at these times of transit
changing rol graphs 45–46 o you agree t	es; and a correspond 5). that it is important	ling duty to be willing to act as a mentor to less experienced for doctors to seek out mentors at these times of transit

Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
aph 47 requ	ires doctors 'to be a	ware of the impact of your conduct on other mem	bers of the tear
widely' and i	s intended to remir	ware of the impact of your conduct on other mem od doctors of importance of being a good role mode	
widely' and i	s intended to remir	d doctors of importance of being a good role mode	
widely' and i	s intended to remire that this is a reas	onable duty to expect of all doctors?	
widely' and i	s intended to remire that this is a reas	onable duty to expect of all doctors?	
widely' and i	s intended to remire that this is a reas	onable duty to expect of all doctors?	
widely' and i	s intended to remire that this is a reas	onable duty to expect of all doctors?	
widely' and i	s intended to remire that this is a reas	onable duty to expect of all doctors?	

ablish and maintain partnerships with patients have not changed the principle behind the revised guidance on conscientious objection (see paragra have shortened it and tried to make clearer what we expect of doctors in these circumstances. Do you agree that the guidance on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betwee patient's and doctor's rights? Yes No Not sure Comments		No		
nave not changed the principle behind the revised guidance on conscientious objection (see paragraphave shortened it and tried to make clearer what we expect of doctors in these circumstances. Do you agree that the guidance on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betwee patient's and doctor's rights? Yes No Not sure	Comments			
ave not changed the principle behind the revised guidance on conscientious objection (see paragra ave shortened it and tried to make clearer what we expect of doctors in these circumstances. Do you agree that the guidance on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betwee patient's and doctor's rights? Yes No Not sure				
ave not changed the principle behind the revised guidance on conscientious objection (see paragra ave shortened it and tried to make clearer what we expect of doctors in these circumstances. Do you agree that the guidance on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betwee patient's and doctor's rights? Yes No Not sure				
ave not changed the principle behind the revised guidance on conscientious objection (see paragra ave shortened it and tried to make clearer what we expect of doctors in these circumstances. Do you agree that the guidance on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betwee patient's and doctor's rights? Yes No Not sure				
ave not changed the principle behind the revised guidance on conscientious objection (see paragral ave shortened it and tried to make clearer what we expect of doctors in these circumstances. Do you agree that the guidance on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betwee patient's and doctor's rights? Yes No Not sure				
ave not changed the principle behind the revised guidance on conscientious objection (see paragra ave shortened it and tried to make clearer what we expect of doctors in these circumstances. Do you agree that the guidance on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betwee patient's and doctor's rights? Yes No Not sure				
ave not changed the principle behind the revised guidance on conscientious objection (see paragral ave shortened it and tried to make clearer what we expect of doctors in these circumstances. Do you agree that the guidance on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betwee patient's and doctor's rights? Yes No Not sure				
Yes No Not sure				agrap
			ce on conscientious objections represents a fair balance betw	veer
Comments				
	Yes	No	Not sure	
		No	Not sure	
		No	Not sure	
		No	Not sure	
		No	Not sure	
		No	Not sure	
	Yes	No	Not sure	

At paragraph 51 of this section, we advise doctors that they must support patients in caring for themselves to empower them to improve and maintain their health. This is essentially the same as GMP 2006. But we also now say that such support may include 'encouraging patients, including those with long term conditions, to stay in or return to employment or other purposeful activity'.

Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
Do you have	any other comm	onts about the guidance in this section?	
Do you have	any other comm	ents about the guidance in this section?	
Do you have Yes	any other commo	ents about the guidance in this section?	
		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	

Domain 4: Maintaining trust

Sh	ow respect fo	or patients	
The	re are no new princ	ciples or duties in t	this section.
32	Do you have any	comments abou	It the guidance in this section?
	Yes	No	
	Comments		
Tre	eat patients a	ınd colleagu	es fairly and without discrimination
			n 61 which requires doctors to 'consider and respond to the needs of
•	neet their needs'.	es and to make n	easonable adjustments to your practice to enable them to receive care
33	Do you agree the	_	nce makes clear the obligations of doctors towards people
	Yes	No	Not sure
	Comments		

34	Do you have any other comments about the guidance in this section?
	Yes No
	Comments

Act with honesty and integrity

This final section of 'maintaining trust' has four sub headings:

- honesty
- communicating information
- openness with legal or disciplinary proceedings and
- honesty in financial dealings.

It includes many of the principles and duties that are in the 'Probity' section of GMP 2006.

Honesty

In September 2011, 1,167 people responded to our online poll asking how far the GMC should go in regulating doctors' behaviour outside medicine. The vast majority (94%) thought the GMC should not take action against doctors for their conduct outside medical practice. We think that if a doctors' conduct undermines trust in the profession. It should, in some cases, lead to action on their right to practise medicine. (This approach is also taken by other health regulators in the UK). We therefore think it is important to make this clear in *Good Medical Practice* (see paragraphs 67–8 of the consultation draft).

Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
Do you have	any other comm	ents about the guidance in this section?	
Do you have	any other commo	ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section?	

Communicating information

Paragraph 71 extends the advice in GMP 2006 (paragraphs 60–62) on 'providing and publishing information about your services.' It covers all situations when doctors are 'communicating publicly' and specifically mentions 'advertising your services and appearing or writing in the media' and social networking sites. The guidance at paragraph 71(c) states that doctors 'should remember...that communications intended for friends or family [on social networking sites] may become more widely available'.

37	Do you agree the communicating	at we should give publicly, even if it	advice to doctors that covers all situations where they are is not directly connected to their medical practice?
	Yes	No	Not sure
	Comments		

Openness

In July 2011, 661 people responded to our online poll asking whether there were any situations where it was acceptable for doctors to delay in sharing information about a patient's condition, for example if it might cause unwarranted stress to the patient. 64% of respondents suggested that regardless of the situation, doctors must be honest with their patients.

We have added a new duty at paragraph 73 which requires doctors to be honest and trustworthy in all communications with patients and colleagues.

Is this a usefu	l addition to the	guidance?	
Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			

Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
nave condense onest in finance sets out this	cial and commercia	ragraphs 72 and 73 of GMP 2006, which separately covered the al dealings with patients and with others. Paragraph 79 of the coout the detail of the previous draft. We will include this in supple	onsulta
nave condense onest in finance sets out this ance that we	ed the advice at par cial and commercia general duty witho will develop in 2012	ragraphs 72 and 73 of GMP 2006, which separately covered the al dealings with patients and with others. Paragraph 79 of the coout the detail of the previous draft. We will include this in supple	onsulta
nave condense onest in finand t sets out this ance that we	ed the advice at par cial and commercia general duty witho will develop in 2012	ragraphs 72 and 73 of GMP 2006, which separately covered the all dealings with patients and with others. Paragraph 79 of the coout the detail of the previous draft. We will include this in supple 2.	onsulta
nave condense onest in finance t sets out this ance that we we	ed the advice at parcial and commercial general duty without will develop in 2012 at that it is reasonal.	ragraphs 72 and 73 of GMP 2006, which separately covered the all dealings with patients and with others. Paragraph 79 of the cout the detail of the previous draft. We will include this in supple 2. Able to include less detail in the core guidance?	onsulta
nave condense onest in finance that we was ance that we was agreed. Yes	ed the advice at parcial and commercial general duty without will develop in 2012 at that it is reasonal.	ragraphs 72 and 73 of GMP 2006, which separately covered the all dealings with patients and with others. Paragraph 79 of the cout the detail of the previous draft. We will include this in supple 2. Able to include less detail in the core guidance?	onsulta
nave condense onest in finance that we was ance that we was agreed. Yes	ed the advice at parcial and commercial general duty without will develop in 2012 at that it is reasonal.	ragraphs 72 and 73 of GMP 2006, which separately covered the all dealings with patients and with others. Paragraph 79 of the cout the detail of the previous draft. We will include this in supple 2. Able to include less detail in the core guidance?	onsulta
nave condense onest in finance that we was ance that we was agreed. Yes	ed the advice at parcial and commercial general duty without will develop in 2012 at that it is reasonal.	ragraphs 72 and 73 of GMP 2006, which separately covered the all dealings with patients and with others. Paragraph 79 of the cout the detail of the previous draft. We will include this in supple 2. Able to include less detail in the core guidance?	onsulta
nave condense onest in finance that we was ance that we was agreed. Yes	ed the advice at parcial and commercial general duty without will develop in 2012 at that it is reasonal.	ragraphs 72 and 73 of GMP 2006, which separately covered the all dealings with patients and with others. Paragraph 79 of the cout the detail of the previous draft. We will include this in supple 2. Able to include less detail in the core guidance?	onsulta

Yes	No	Not sure	
Comments			
Do you have	any other commo	ents about the guidance in this section	n?
Do you have Yes	any other commo	ents about the guidance in this section	n?
		ents about the guidance in this section	n?
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section	n?
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section	n?
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section	n?
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section	n?
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section	n?
Yes		ents about the guidance in this section	n?

The focus and scope of *Good Medical Practice* – a draft for consultation

Now that you have answered questions on each of the sections of the revised guidance, we would appreciate your views on its focus and scope.

43	Is there enough focus in the guidance on the following (please tick all that apply)?				
	Patient centre	ed care	Patient safety	Issues relevant to doctors in training	
	Human rights	5	Respect for patier	nts' dignity	
44	4 Do you have any other common consultation?		nents on the focus and	scope of <i>Good Medical Practice</i> – a draft for	
	Yes	No			
	Comments				

The consultation process

To help us continue to improve the way we consult, please answer the following questions about your experience of taking part in this consultation.

15	Did you find the completing it or		ocuments (the questionnaire and any associated instructions if
	Yes	No	Not sure
	Comments		
16	Were you able to	o easily access a	ll the relevant documentation you needed to respond?
	Yes	No	Not sure
	Comments		

Thank you for taking the time to send us your comments.

We are grateful for your input.

About you

Finally, we would appreciate you providing the following information about yourself to help us analyse the consultation responses.

Your details

Name	
Job title (if responding as an organisation)	
Organisation (if responding on behalf of an org	ganisation)
Address (optional)	
Email	
Contact tel (optional)	
Would you like to be contacted about GMC consu	ultations in the future?
Yes	No
If you would like to know about upcoming GMC o	consultations, please let us know which areas of the GMC's work
Education	tandards and ethics Fitness to practise
Registration	icensing and revalidation

Data protection

The information you supply will be stored and processed by the GMC in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998 and will be used to analyse the consultation responses, check the analysis is fair and accurate, and help us to consult more effectively in the future. Any reports published using this information will not contain any personally identifiable information. We may provide anonymised responses to the consultation to third parties for quality assurance or approved research projects on request.

Responding as an individual

Are you are responding as an individual?	
Yes No	
If yes, please complete the following questions. If not, please complete the 'responding on behalf of an organi section below.	sation'
Which of the following categories best describes you?	
Doctor Medical educator (teaching, delivering or administrating)	
Medical student Member of the public	
Other healthcare professional Other (please give details)	
What is your country of residence?	
England Northern Ireland Scotland	
Wales Other (European Economic Area) Other (rest of the w	orld)
If other, please specify	
Information about you To help ensure that our consultations are reflecting the view of the diverse community, please fill in the inf below. Although we will use this information in our analysis of the consultation response, it will not be link your response.	
What is your age?	
Under 25 25–34 35–44 45–54 55–64 65+	
Are you: Male	
Would you describe yourself as having a disability? Yes No	

hat is your ethnic origin? (Please tick one)						
Asian or Asian British						
	Bangladeshi	Indian	Pakistani			
	Any other Asian backgroun	d, please specify				
Black or	Black or Black British					
	Black or Black British	African	Caribbean			
	Any other Black backgroun	d, please specify				
Chinese	or other ethnic group					
	Chinese					
	Any other background, plea	ase specify				
Mixed						
	White and Asian	White and Black	African White and Black Caribbean			
	Any other mixed backgroun	nd, please specify				
White						
	British	Irish				
	Any other white backgroun	d, please specify				

Responding on behalf of an organisation

Are you are responding on behalf of an organisation?				
Yes		No		
If yes, please complete the following question	ons. If i	not, please complete the	e 'responding as an individual' section above.	
Which of the following categories best descri	ribes y	our organisation?		
Body representing doctors		Body representing patie	ents or public	
Government department	Government department Independent healthcare provider			
Medical School (undergraduate)	Postgraduate medical institution			
NHS/HSC organisation		Regulatory body		
Other (please give details)				
In which country is your organisation base	ed?			
UK wide		England	Scotland	
Northern Ireland		Wales	Other (European Economic Area)	
Other (rest of the world)				

Please tell anyone you think might be interested in responding to the consultation.

You can access a copy of the draft guidance and questionnaire on our consultation website at https://gmc.e-consultation.net/econsult/.

Email: gmc@gmc-uk.org

Website: www.gmc-uk.org

Telephone: **0161 923 6602**

General Medical Council, 3 Hardman Street, Manchester M3 3AW

This information can be made available in alternative formats or languages. To request an alternative format, please call us on **0161 923 6602** or email us at **publications@gmc-uk.org**.

Published October 2011 © 2011 General Medical Council

Code: GMC/GMP2012-LQ/1011

The text of this document may be reproduced free of charge in any format or medium providing it is reproduced accurately and not in a misleading context. The material must be acknowledged as GMC copyright and the document title specified.

The GMC is a charity registered in England and Wales (1089278) and Scotland (SC037750)

General Medical Council

Regulating doctors Ensuring good medical practice